

4. Conclusions

This paper has summarized the state of the art of the problem we want to face: quantifying the impact of renewable energy (specifically solar PV) in the electricity consumption and billing of university campuses.

To the best of the authors knowledge, no previous studies have already analysed electricity consumption data of several campuses of a university, then renovate some of its buildings to include a renewable energy source for self-consumption and, finally, compared the new real data with the previous ones to assess the improvements that this operation may lead to.

Due to 1) the announcement of the Spain's Official Gazette [7], 2) the recording of previous electricity data and 3) the possibility of recording new data for the same buildings using renewable energies, UCLM is in a privileged position for quantifying the impact of solar PV in several types of buildings. These types of buildings are, amongst others, engineering schools, medicine schools, administrative buildings, research centres and libraries.

5. Future work

This paper establishes the base for future research, where the electricity consumption data of UCLM is going to be thoroughly analysed. During the timespan that these future investigations are conducted, solar PV installations are going to be constructed and started up. Buildings that will have them installed will get its electricity consumption measured and a comparison with the previous state will be able to be carried out. For future work, electric consumption data and invoices are available from 45 Universal Supply Point Code.

Acknowledgement

This work was supported in part by the Spanish Public Administration "Ministerio de Universidades" under the grant Margarita Salas-Universitat Politècnica de València, funded by the European Union-Next Generation EU, and by the Council of Communities of Castilla-La Mancha (Junta de Comunidades de Castilla-La Mancha, JCCM) through project SBPLY/19/180501/000287 and by the European Regional Development Fund (Fondo Europeo de Desarrollo Regional, FEDER)

References

- [1] S. Ferrari, M. Beccali, P. Caputo, and G. Zizzo, 'Electricity Consumption Analysis of Tertiary Buildings: An Empirical Approach for Two University Campuses', *J. Archit. Eng.*, vol. 26, no. 2, p. 05020005, Jun. 2020, doi: 10.1061/(ASCE)AE.1943-5568.0000415.
- [2] X. Gui, Z. Gou, and Y. Lu, 'Reducing university energy use beyond energy retrofitting: The academic calendar impacts', *Energy Build.*, vol. 231, p. 110647, Jan. 2021, doi: 10.1016/j.enbuild.2020.110647.
- [3] M. Ouf, M. Issa, and P. Merkel, 'Analysis of Real-Time Electricity Consumption in Canadian School Buildings', *Energy Build.*, vol. 128, Jul. 2016, doi: 10.1016/j.enbuild.2016.07.022.
- [4] I. Vassileva, F. Wallin, and E. Dahlquist, 'Analytical comparison between electricity consumption and behavioral characteristics of Swedish households in rented apartments', *Appl. Energy*, vol. 90, no. 1, pp. 182–188, Feb. 2012, doi: 10.1016/j.apenergy.2011.05.031.
- [5] M. Medrano, J. M. Martí, L. Rincón, G. Mor, J. Cipriano, and M. Farid, 'Assessing the nearly zero-energy building gap in university campuses with a feature extraction methodology applied to a case study in Spain', *Int. J. Energy Environ. Eng.*, vol. 9, no. 3, pp. 227–247, Sep. 2018, doi: 10.1007/s40095-018-0264-x.
- [6] R. Pérez-Chacón, J. M. Luna-Romera, A. Troncoso, F. Martínez-Álvarez, and J. C. Riquelme, 'Big Data Analytics for Discovering Electricity Consumption Patterns in Smart Cities', *Energies*, vol. 11, no. 3, Art. no. 3, Mar. 2018, doi: 10.3390/en11030683.
- [7] Ministerio para la Transición Ecológica y el Reto Demográfico, *Real Decreto 477/2021, de 29 de junio, por el que se aprueba la concesión directa a las comunidades autónomas y a las ciudades de Ceuta y Melilla de ayudas para la ejecución de diversos programas de incentivos ligados al autoconsumo y al almacenamiento, con fuentes de energía renovable, así como a la implantación de sistemas térmicos renovables en el sector residencial, en el marco del Plan de Recuperación, Transformación y Resiliencia*, vol. BOE-A-2021-10824. 2021, pp. 77938–77998. Accessed: Mar. 21, 2022. [Online]. Available: <https://www.boe.es/eli/es/rd/2021/06/29/477>
- [8] X. Zhou, W. Lin, R. Kumar, P. Cui, and Z. Ma, 'A data-driven strategy using long short term memory models and reinforcement learning to predict building electricity consumption', *Appl. Energy*, vol. 306, p. 118078, Jan. 2022, doi: 10.1016/j.apenergy.2021.118078.